



Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office
PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL AND MUSEUM COMMISSION



What's New at the SHPO?

SHPO GUIDELINES UPDATE



- Prepare for transition to electronic review

Goals

- Create consistency
- Streamline/eliminate paperwork

New Documentation Requirements

- Formal updates to the Guidelines for Architectural Investigations and Guidelines for Archaeological Investigations coming Fall 2017



NEW PEOPLE!

- Elizabeth Rairigh – Division Chief for Preservation Services
- Saurabh Shah – Project Manager for New Integrated Data System
- Alison Oskam – File & Survey Room Manager
- Tyra Guyton – Transportation Special Initiatives Coordinator
- Hannah Harvey – Cultural Resources GIS Specialist and Archaeological Outreach Coordinator



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ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY AND OUTREACH PROGRAM

Hannah Harvey



To encourage proactive site recordation by working with a diverse group of partners.



And

To record more archaeological sites from sources other than compliance projects.



Specific goals:

- Update PASS records for existing sites
- Encourage recordation of known sites
- Identify statewide survey priorities and work with partners to identify new sites
- Reach new audiences to convey the importance of archaeological recordation



Phase I – University Outreach

- Kicked off this May with visits to field schools and university testing projects





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ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW: ABOVE GROUND RESOURCES

Barbara Frederick



Data Submissions

- ONE hard copy report
- Unbound hard copy of HRSF forms
- CD that includes
 - Electronic copy of survey/eligibility report (PDF)
 - Electronic copy of HRSFS (PDF)
 - Electronic copy of reconnaissance survey table (PDF)
 - GIS Shapefiles for the project APE and resource boundaries



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Report Summary Form

PROJECT CHECKLIST: Please fill out a copy of this checklist and include it with your initial report submission, (including with management summaries or draft reports).

1. Project Identification:

ER Number:

Report Title:

Preparer's Name and affiliation:

Report Date:

Number of Pages:

Reason for the Survey ☐ Grant Funded ☐ Other (Explain)

☐ Planning ☐ State/Federal Compliance Agency: Applicant:

2. Report Information:

Report Type (Include as many as apply to this report. If your data do not fit in the table, add list as an attachment.)

Above ground and archaeology reports must be submitted separately.)

Report Type
<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>

Number of Properties Surveyed

Total Project Area hectares

How was Area Calculated

3. Location (list all in each category. If your data do not fit in the table, add list as an attachment.):

Project Area County/Municipality

County	Municipality
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Check list for attachments:

Shape Files

Resource forms pdf

Resource forms hardcopy (unbound)

Pdf of report

Report hard copy

If you are submitting a report for above ground survey only, stop here. The following additional portions of the form are required for archaeological surveys.



Reconnaissance Survey Table





- Provide table summarizing results of reconnaissance level survey
- Pdf of table will be attached to APE in CRGIS
- Abbreviated HRSFs for those properties whose potential significance will be affected



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Newly Identified Above Ground Resources within Project Area							
Survey Code/Map Key #	Resource Name/Address	Municipality/Mile Post	Parcel ID #	Resource Description	Impacts/Preliminary Assessment of Effects	Recommended Status/Further Documentation/Justification	Photo
01	Abram Farm, 820 York Road, Wyano PA	South Huntingdon Township, Westmoreland County MP 45	59-06-00-0-147	Contains an 1870 house, 1900 gambrel roof bank barn with 1920 milking house, two 1920 silos, a 1940 drive through corn crib and 1960 machine shed, and two or more relic landscape features including a ten acre orchard	Pipeline ROW goes through the historic orchard, and the ROW will be within 50 feet of barn and drive through corn crib. Potential for effects due to loss of significant landscape feature and ROW location	Potentially Eligible/Full HRSF The property meets the agricultural context/property registration requirements for the periods 1900-1960	 
02	Potter Farm, 863 Farm Lane Road, Wyano PA	South Huntingdon Township, Westmoreland County MP 46.2	59-10-00-0-166	Contains a c.1800 house and summer kitchen, and 1925 chicken house. The 1900 bank barn burned down in 2005 and was replaced with a pole barn in 2006.	None. No impact to resource due to HDD bore	Not Eligible/No Further documentation The property does not contain barn that is at least 50 years of age, therefore it does not meet the property registration requirements for its agricultural region	 



When to Survey for Pipeline Projects

- Demo of 50-year-old building
- Major construction (pig launcher, compressor station)
- Within 100 feet of building or structure
- Removal of significant historic woodlot
- Loss of significant landscape features





Agricultural Context Summary Tables

	Major Crops/Products	Labor	Tenure	Culture	Associated buildings/layout (see pdf for materials, designs, and pictures)	Associated landscape features
Allegheny Mountain Part-Time and General Farming Region						
1830 – 1850 "Diversified Farming and Small-Scale Industry"	Indeed, agriculture was not the main economic activity at all; extractive industries such as lumbering, charcoal making, and iron making dominated.	Men cut lumber and worked at iron plantation while women and children worked the farms. Families and individuals regularly exchanged work, services, and goods in the rural neighborhood.	Low	None specified	A farmstead should include at minimum a dwelling and outbuilding dating from the period. A farm should include the farmstead elements named above, plus significant acreage with at least traces of field patterns, fencing, boundaries, pathways, streams, or woods.	Woodlands dominated. The topography is hilly in most of the region, so fields were probably irregularly shaped. Pasture and meadow made up the bulk of cleared farm areas. Rail fencing would likely persist here later than in other regions.
1850 – 1920 "Diversified Farming and Large-Scale Industry"	Earlier period continue with diversified farming but no product dominated. Livestock: beef cattle, swine, poultry. 1850 farms did focus on corn and oats with smaller quantities of wheat, rye, and potatoes. Industry included iron, steel, coal mining, coke production, and lumbering.	Industrialization provided seasonal work for farm men, wage working for corporations instead of own farms meaning women played even larger role in farms. Communal or collective patterns of labor exchange could have been unusually important in this context.	Some town counties returned to farming with increasing acreage while others committed to industry by the 1920s. Tenancy declined in Bald Eagle Valley and increased in Snow Shoe and Rush Township. Ownership rates higher than state averages.	Various company towns.	A farmstead should include at minimum a dwelling, a barn typical of the period, and at least two outbuildings typical of the specific area and dating to the period. A farm should include the farmstead elements named above, plus acreage of the original farm tract, and at least two relict landscape elements such as traces of field patterns, mine shafts, fencing, boundaries, streams, or woods.	Cleanings, small irregularly shaped fields, hedgerows, tree lines, wood-and-wire fencing, woodlots.
1920 – 1960 "Diverse Production, Depression, and Part-Time Farming"	Agricultural depression and industrial decline lead to smaller farming pockets. Some families would raise livestock for their own use. Various counties found niches in milk [stations], beekeeping, or sugar. Indiana county was known for Christmas trees.	Family members and hired labor during busy seasons. Men, women, children all tended to animal husbandry while women dominated dairying. Part-time patterns: Men tended to commute to work in the coal fields, refractory brick plants, railroad, etc. while women did over half of the farm work. Lower mechanized rate compared to state.	Low (usually less than 20 percent), probably reflected the lesser value, smaller size, and heterogeneous ethnic origin of farms.	Various company towns.	A farmstead should have at minimum a dwelling and one outbuilding or structure. For farmsteads associated historically with dairying in urban milksheds, dairy barns, 61 Allegheny Mountain Part-Time and General Farming, 1840-1960 alterations, and milk houses should be present. A farm should have a small remaining acreage, and include some relict landscape features such as tree lines and fields. For townships in dairy milksheds, greater farm acreage should be present.	Larger more commercial sized farms would include small, square-ish fields; fields defined by tree lines, fences, and hedges; clumps of trees in fields, for livestock shade and shelter; fencing mostly of wood-and-wire, woodlots, ornamental plantings near houses.
1830 – 1960 "change over time"					A farmstead could show change over time through the presence of one or two early buildings (probably most often a dwelling), and presence of later of agricultural buildings (for example, a 19th century barn, a 20th century silo and milk house). In the case of dairying areas, there should be outbuildings that reflect the diversified phase of the 19th and early 20th centuries (smokehouses, spring houses, etc) and the shift to fluid milk dairying in the middle decades of the 20th century (silo, milk house). For dwellings, this might mean ell additions, porches, the disappearance or reuse of productive spaces such as summer kitchens; for barns, it could mean additions for more space, windows for more light, reorientation of stalls, addition of hay tracks, etc. Thus in this region, there should be outbuildings that can be effectively related to family labor, including women's labor. A farm could show change over time through farmstead changes as described above; plus consolidation of fields; introduction of mine shafts; renegotiation of boundaries; evidence of shifting crop or livestock management practices (for 82 Allegheny Mountain Part-Time and General Farming, 1840-1960 example contour stripping and old pasture).	



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Agricultural Property Abbreviated Historic Resource Survey Form

Rev. April 2017

IDENTIFICATION /LOCATION

ER # _____ Survey Code _____

Tax Parcel _____

County Choose an item. Municipality _____

Historic/Other Name _____

Owner Name/Address _____

Owner Category Choose an item.

SURVEYOR INFORMATION

Date _____

Name/Organization _____

Project Name _____

PA SHPO KEY # Click or tap here to enter text.

UTM Z _____ E _____ N _____ OR Lat _____ /Long _____

Resource Category Choose an item. # of Resources _____

NATIONAL REGISTER DETERMINATION

Surveyor Eligibility Recommendation Choose an item.

- ☐ Lack of integrity ☐ Lack of significance
☐ Insufficient information to make a recommendation

Justification:

Agricultural Region (for additional information see the *Historic Agricultural Resources of Pennsylvania, c1700-1960* context on the PA SHPO website Choose an item.

BUILDINGS (list ALL buildings/structures)

Type	Style/Type	Year Built	Predominant Material	Historic Function	Current Function	Width in Bays	Stories
Dwelling	<small>Choose an item.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>
Barn	<small>Choose an item.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>
Outbuilding		<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>
		<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>
		<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>
		<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>	<small>Click here to enter text.</small>

LANDSCAPE FEATURES Fields Choose an item. Circulation Network Choose an item. Boundary Demarcations Choose an item.



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THE UPDATED 2017 ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE IDENTIFICATION CRITERIA

Kira Heinrich



- Criteria last substantially updated in 2008
- In 10 years we identified some problems:
 - Inconsistency in recording small pre-contact sites between different methodologies
 - Confusion about isolate & non-site numbers
 - Confusion associated with low density or diffuse historic sites
 - Confusion for defining site boundaries, especially for historic sites
 - Too much extra paperwork!



What we did about all this

- The SHPO (Reviewers and CRGIS Staff) and the State Museum Staff met
- Addressed issues with the Site Criteria with an eye to updates
- Updated the Isolate/Non-Site Form
- PASS form updates still in progress
- Worked to provide CLEAR(er) guidance for all of this



Pre-Contact Site Identification Criteria

- 2 artifacts is the site minimum
- Added rockshelter plus 1 artifact (not FCR)
Isolated finds are only pre-contract and only diagnostic





Historic Site Identification Criteria

- Streamlined the Criteria for clarity
- Need to consider historic maps and background research in defining sites and boundaries
- Guidance on historic artifact scatters associated with foundation remains
- Higher minimum standard for historic artifact concentrations NOT associated with foundations or features





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NEW REPORT SUBMISSION PROCEDURES

Kira Heinrich



- Draft report submissions must include:
 - ONE hard copy report
 - Bound with spiral or comb binding
 - Hard copy PASS forms should be separate from the report
 - CD that includes
 - Electronic copy of the report
 - Electronic copy of PASS Files as separate documents
 - Shape files for the project APE and any sites
- Incomplete Draft Submission Packets Received beginning Monday July 17, 2017 will be Returned



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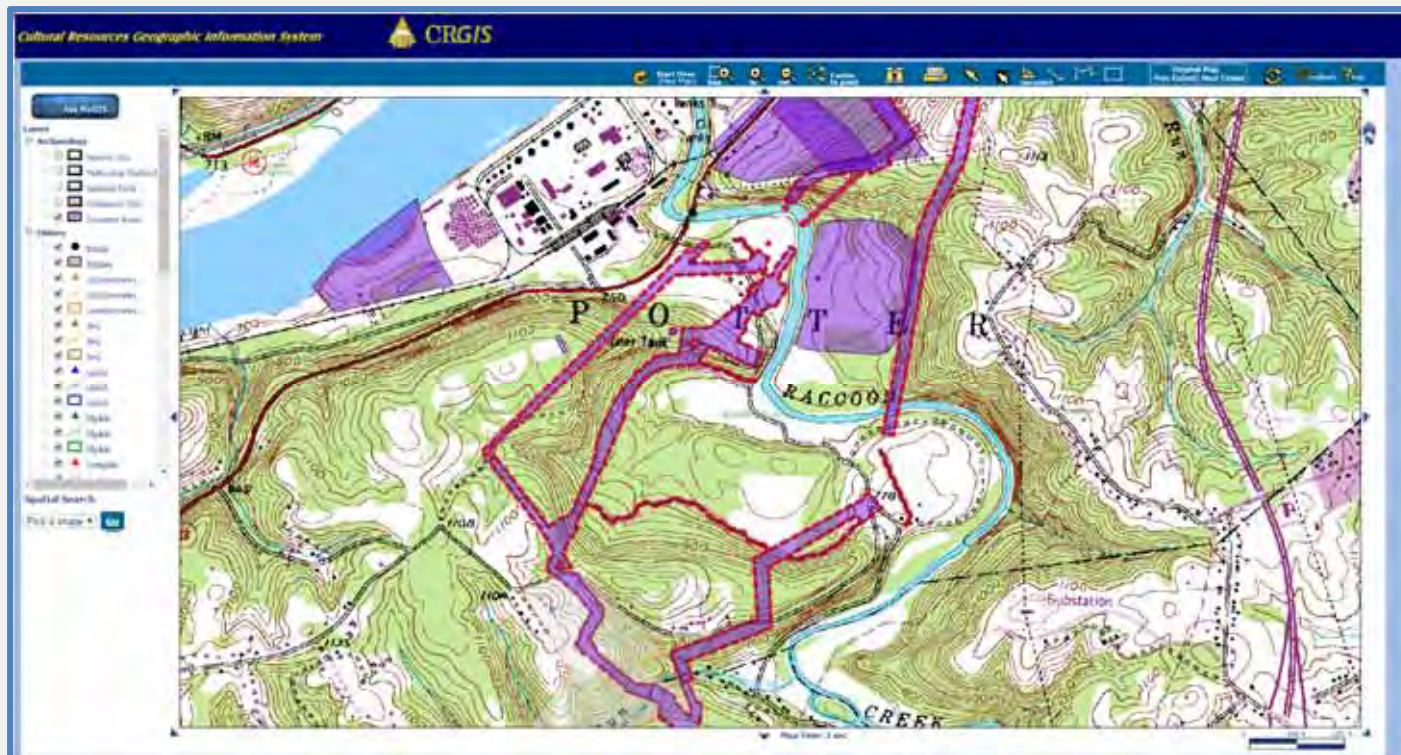
GEOSPATIAL SUBMISSION STANDARDS

Hannah Harvey



We want your shapefiles!

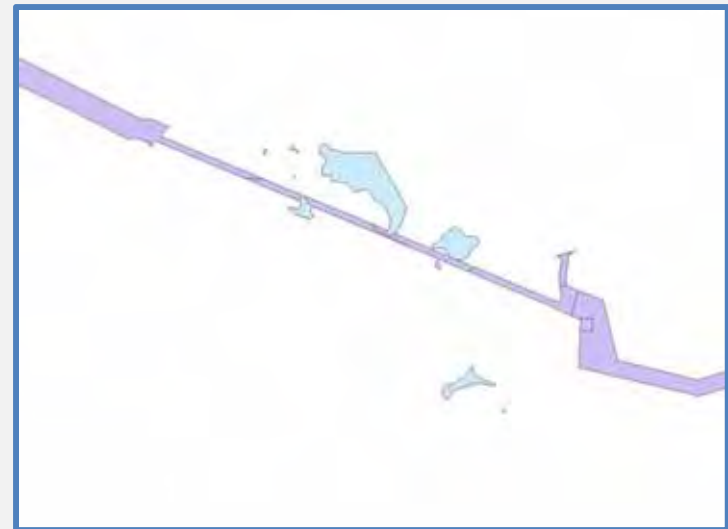
- Your data will appear in CRGIS quickly and with greater accuracy





How we want them:

- Esri shapefiles preferred; GoogleEarth KML or Esri geodatabases accepted
- Features must be projected, but we do not require a specific coordinate system and projection
- Polygon geometry only





File organization:

- Separate files for APEs, historic resources, and archaeological sites
- Survey areas with discontinuous segments should be merged into a single feature

Please include ER numbers, key numbers, or site numbers in the attribute tables.



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CRGIS UPDATES

Noël Strattan



Map Changes Coming Soon:

- Panning with "the hand" and zooming with a slider
- A search bar on the map so you do not need to return to the AOI (area of interest) page to build additional maps
- New base maps - a larger selection



Map Changes Coming Soon:

- Fewer divisions of the above ground resources – but still distinguishable by eligibility
- More control over the layers you have turned on
- The ability to see the details of stacked resources before opening full reports



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Demo slides

←

↻

http://www.phmc.pa.gov/Preservation/Cultural-Resour


CRGIS

Cultural Resources GIS

FileEditViewFavoritesToolsHelp

PA.GOV

ABOUTMUSEUMSPRESERVATIONARCHIVES

 **pennsylvania**
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TOM WOLF, GOVERNOR | ANDREW E. MASICH, CHAIRMAN
JAMES M. VAUGHAN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Enter Search Term

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Facebook

Twitter

YouTube

Flickr

Pinterest

PHMC > Preservation > Cultural Resources GIS

REGISTER

DATA QUALITY

GETTING STARTED

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

RECORDING RESOURCES

CULTURAL RESOURCES GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

Educational Websites

Blogs

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Agencies

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Settings

Share

Tech Help

100%



Welcome to Pennsylvania's Cultural Resources Geographic Information System



CRGIS is a map-based inventory of the historic and archaeological sites and surveys stored in the files of the Bureau for Historic Preservation (BHP). The Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission (PHMC) has been collecting information concerning archaeological sites and historic resources for the greater part of a century. Currently there are [22,693](#) archaeological sites and [130,620](#) historic properties in these files. Access to these paper records is free and open to the public by appointment at the BHP office in Harrisburg. CRGIS is a means of accessing some of these data without a trip to Harrisburg.

Web access to all of the historic resource data is open to the public. Access to archaeological site locations and detailed site information is restricted and password protected and will be granted to qualified individuals on a need to know basis. Two levels of restricted access are available: one for planning professionals and one for archaeological professionals. Visit the [Register](#) section of our Web site to register for a password. The "Ask ReGIS" function will allow you to query the underlying databases in a variety of ways to look for sites that are of interest to you.

CRGIS is an ongoing initiative, and tables and associated data will undergo staged enhancements and constant updating. Users are encouraged to notify CRGIS about additions or corrections that may be needed by using the "Feedback" function of the "Ask ReGIS" page. Please include references or other documentation for changes or additions. New sites will be added when received. Please refer to our [Recording Resources](#) section for more information on submitting resources for inclusion in the CRGIS.

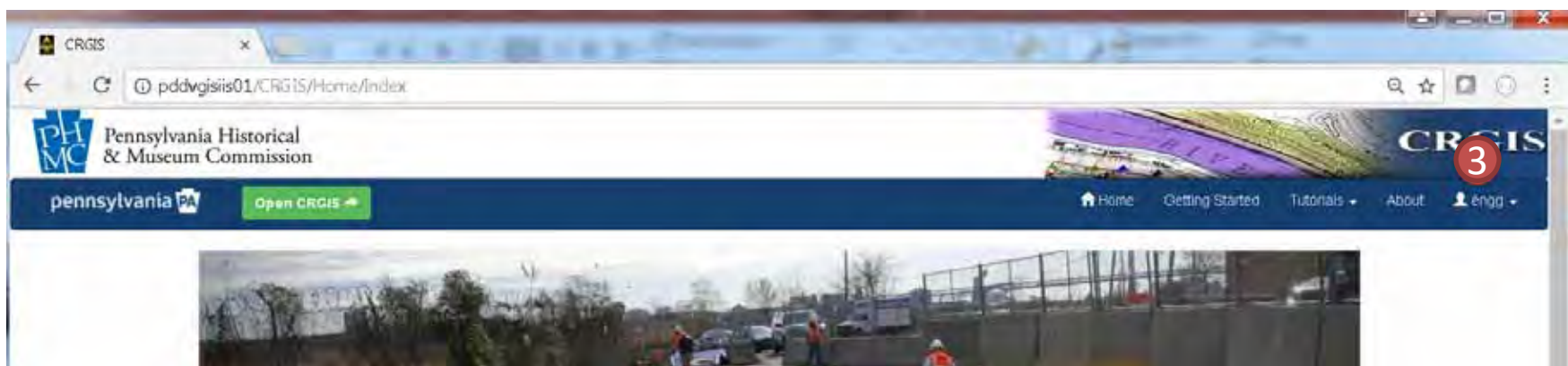
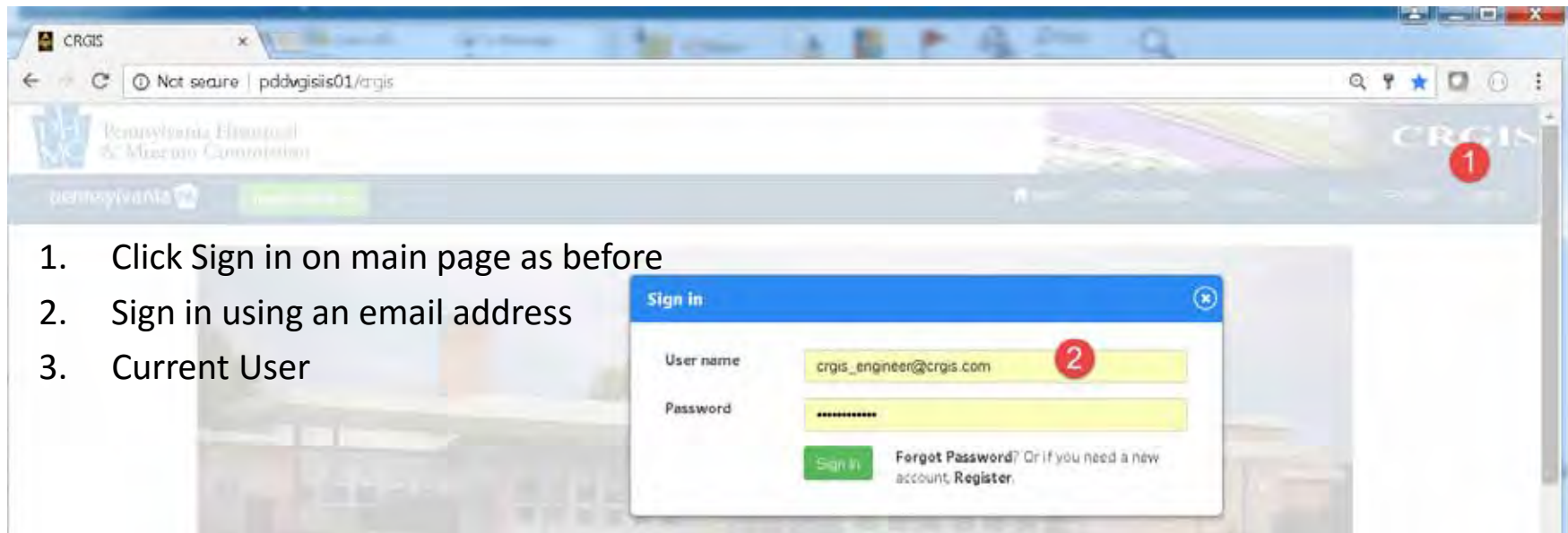
CRGIS is a partnership between the Pennsylvania Historical & Museum Commission (PHMC) and the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) with financial support from the Federal Highway Administration, the Baltimore District of the United States Army Corp of Engineers, and the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection.



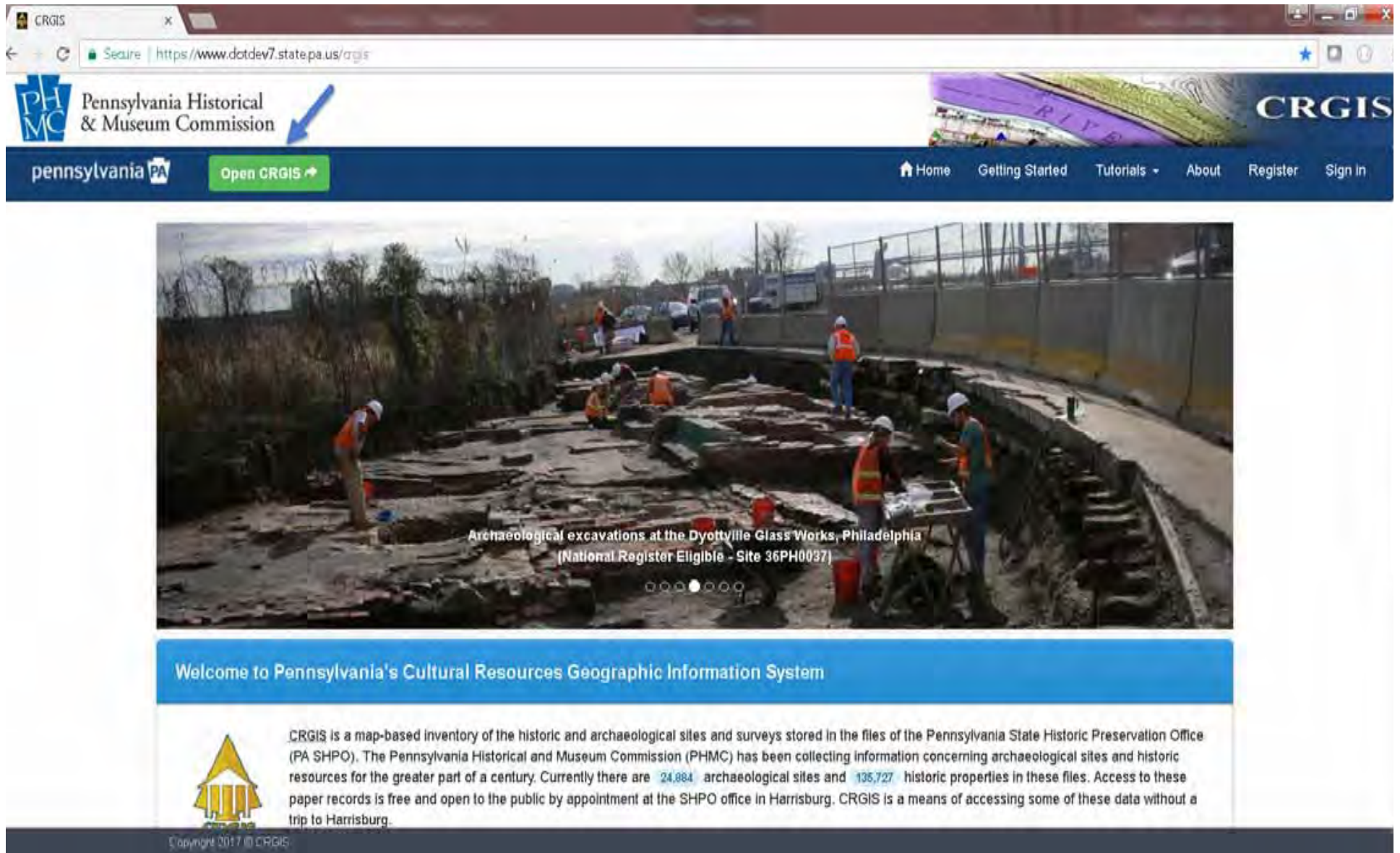
<http://crgis.state.pa.us>

Registered User Sign In Page

1. Click Sign in on main page as before
2. Sign in using an email address
3. Current User



Public Users still just open



The screenshot shows the CRGIS website interface. At the top, a browser window displays the URL <https://www.dotdev7.state.pa.us/crgis>. The header features the Pennsylvania Historical & Museum Commission (PHMC) logo on the left and the CRGIS logo on the right. A blue arrow points to the PHMC logo. Below the logo is a green button labeled "Open CRGIS". The navigation bar includes links for Home, Getting Started, Tutorials, About, Register, and Sign In. The main content area features a large photograph of an archaeological excavation site with workers in orange vests. Overlaid text on the photo reads: "Archaeological excavations at the Dyottville Glass Works, Philadelphia (National Register Eligible - Site 36PH0037)". Below the photo is a blue banner with the text "Welcome to Pennsylvania's Cultural Resources Geographic Information System". At the bottom, there is a small logo of a building and a paragraph of text: "CRGIS is a map-based inventory of the historic and archaeological sites and surveys stored in the files of the Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office (PA SHPO). The Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission (PHMC) has been collecting information concerning archaeological sites and historic resources for the greater part of a century. Currently there are 24,884 archaeological sites and 135,727 historic properties in these files. Access to these paper records is free and open to the public by appointment at the SHPO office in Harrisburg. CRGIS is a means of accessing some of these data without a trip to Harrisburg." The footer contains the text "Copyright 2017 © CRGIS".

CRGIS

Secure | <https://www.dotdev7.state.pa.us/crgis>

PHMC Pennsylvania Historical & Museum Commission

pennsylvania PA Open CRGIS

Home Getting Started Tutorials About Register Sign In

Archaeological excavations at the Dyottville Glass Works, Philadelphia
(National Register Eligible - Site 36PH0037)

Welcome to Pennsylvania's Cultural Resources Geographic Information System

CRGIS is a map-based inventory of the historic and archaeological sites and surveys stored in the files of the Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office (PA SHPO). The Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission (PHMC) has been collecting information concerning archaeological sites and historic resources for the greater part of a century. Currently there are 24,884 archaeological sites and 135,727 historic properties in these files. Access to these paper records is free and open to the public by appointment at the SHPO office in Harrisburg. CRGIS is a means of accessing some of these data without a trip to Harrisburg.

Copyright 2017 © CRGIS

AOI Page: Options – similar to before

Cultural Resources Geographic Information System 

[Feedback](#) [help](#) [old pg](#)

Select Area of Interest:



Search Database with "Ask ReGIS" Query Tool:
"Ask ReGIS" Text-based Search "Ask ReGIS" Help

[Ask ReGIS](#)  [Ask ReGIS Help](#)

Select Area Of Interest >


- < Select Area Of Interest >
- Locations----
- Place Name
- Street Address
- County
- Municipality
- Zip Code
- Road Intersection
- Latitude and Longitude
- Resources----
- Historic Site**
- Historic Bridge
- Archaeological Survey
- Archaeological Site
- Transportation----
- PennDOT Project
- Political----



[Generate Map](#)

AOI Window

Generate Map button now opens a new Map.html window

Cultural Resources Geographic Information System



Select Area of Interest:



Search Database with "Ask ReGIS" Query Tool:

["Ask ReGIS" Text-based Search](#)


["Ask ReGIS" Help](#)

[Ask ReGIS](#)

[Ask ReGIS Help](#)

County ▾

ADAMS (01) ▾

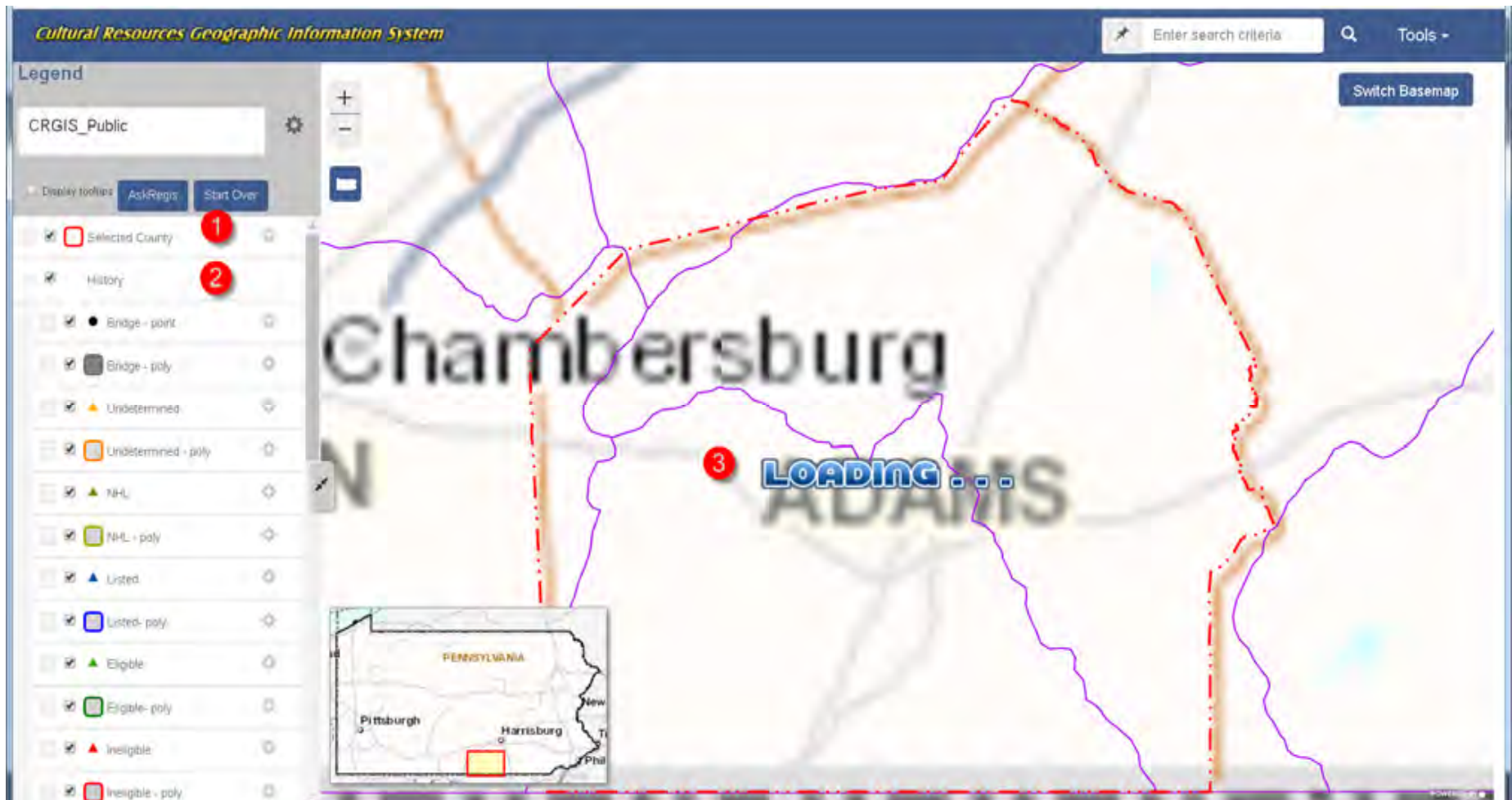


[Cancel](#)

[Generate Map](#)

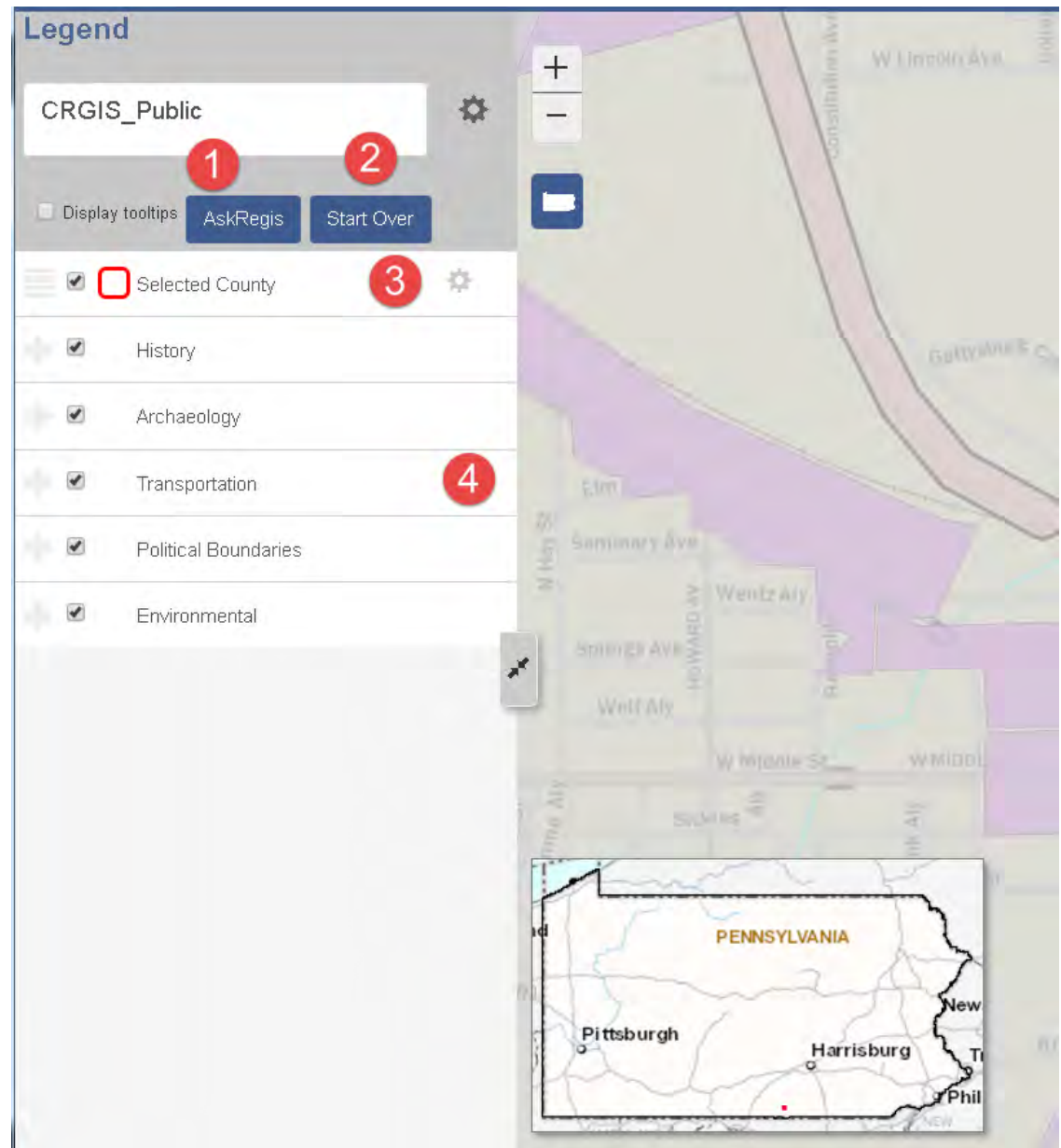
New Map Window:

1. Selected AOI
2. Layer groupings in the Legend
3. "Loading " sign as default layers are being loaded



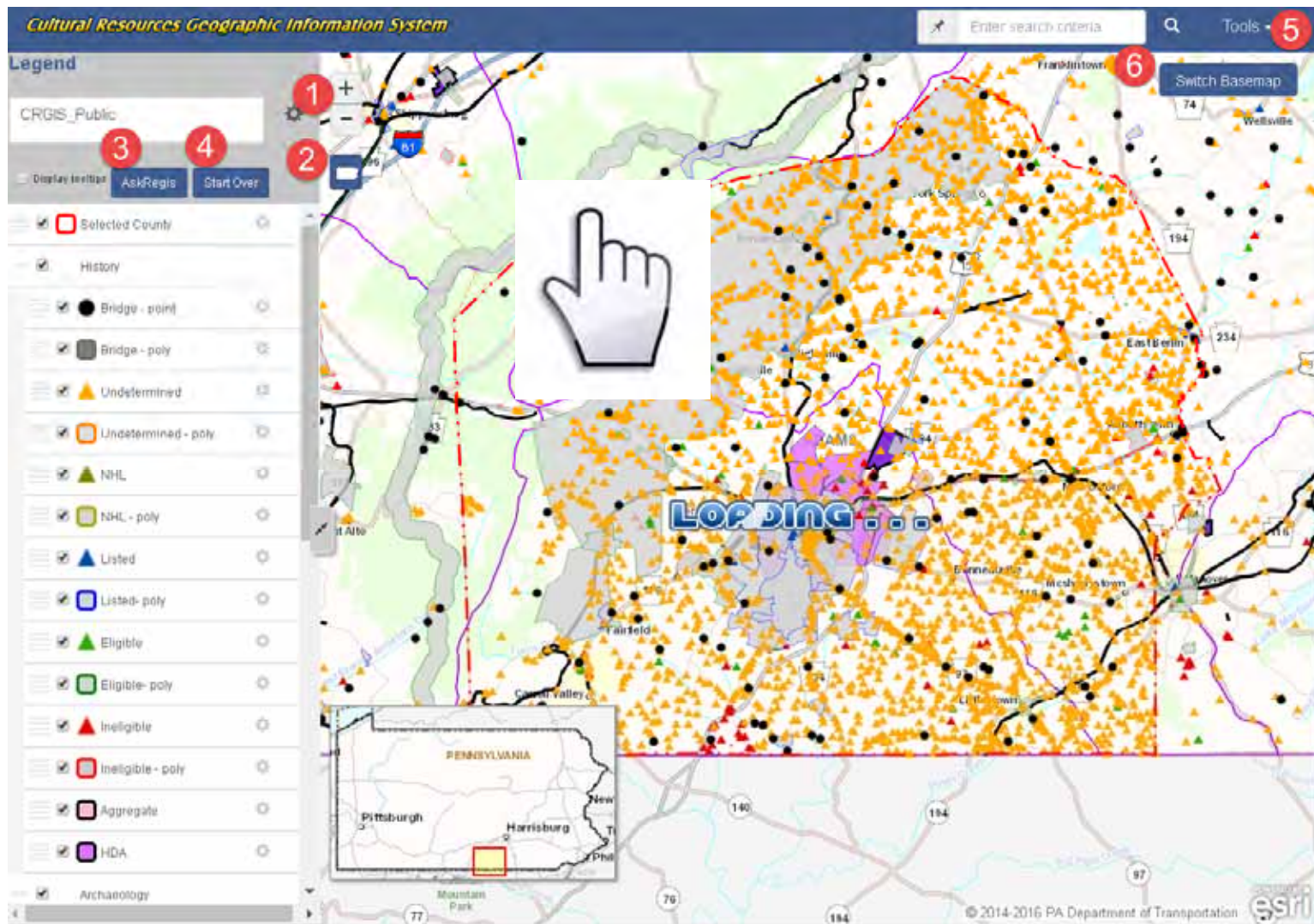
Legend Area

1. AskRegis Button – same as before
2. Start Over Button- takes user to previous AOI screen as before
3. Selected AOI
4. Layer Groupings Collapsed

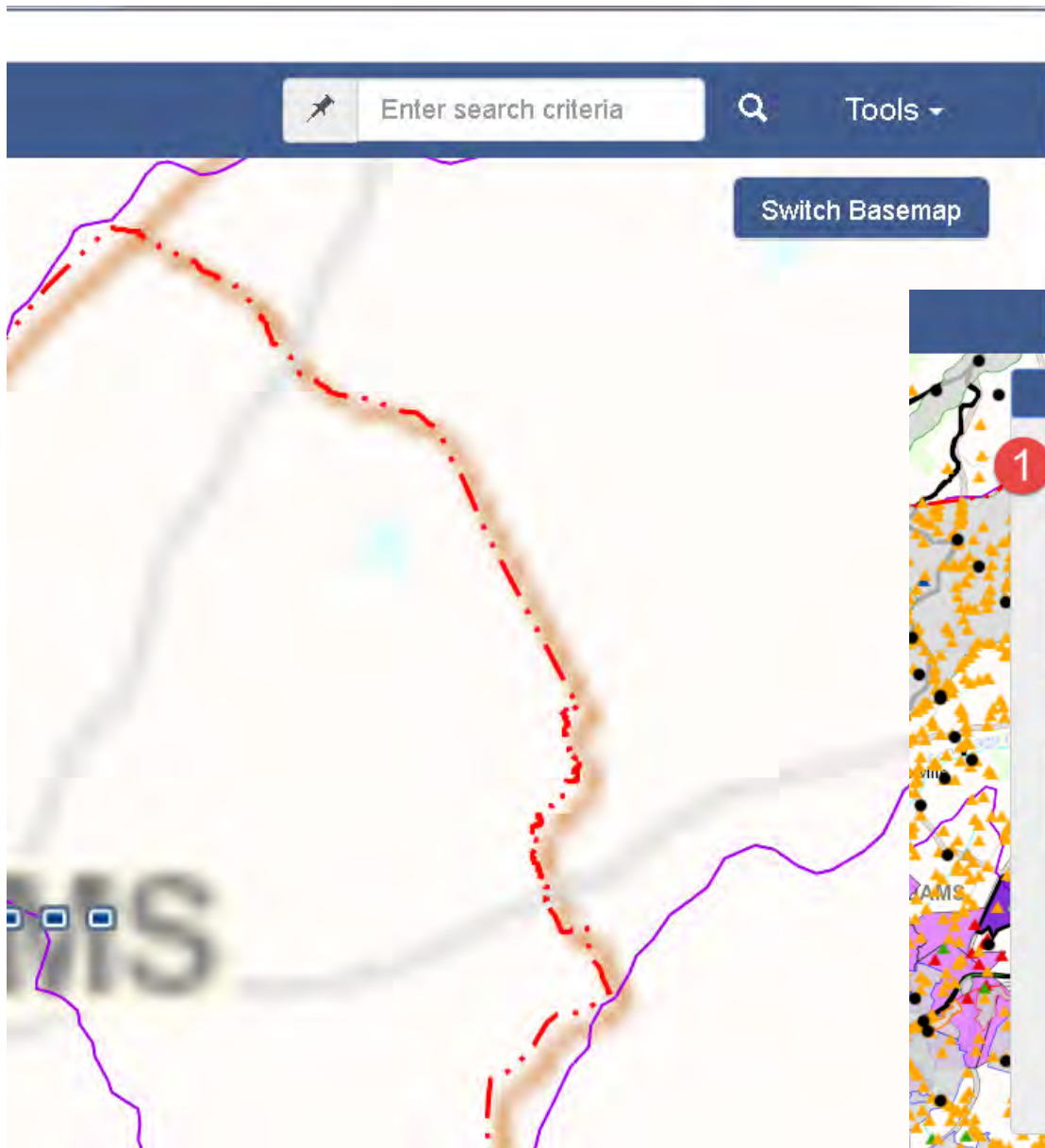


Map Navigation

1. Zoom In/Out
2. Zoom to State Extent
3. AskRegis Button
4. Start Over Button
5. Tool Menu
6. Basemap Options



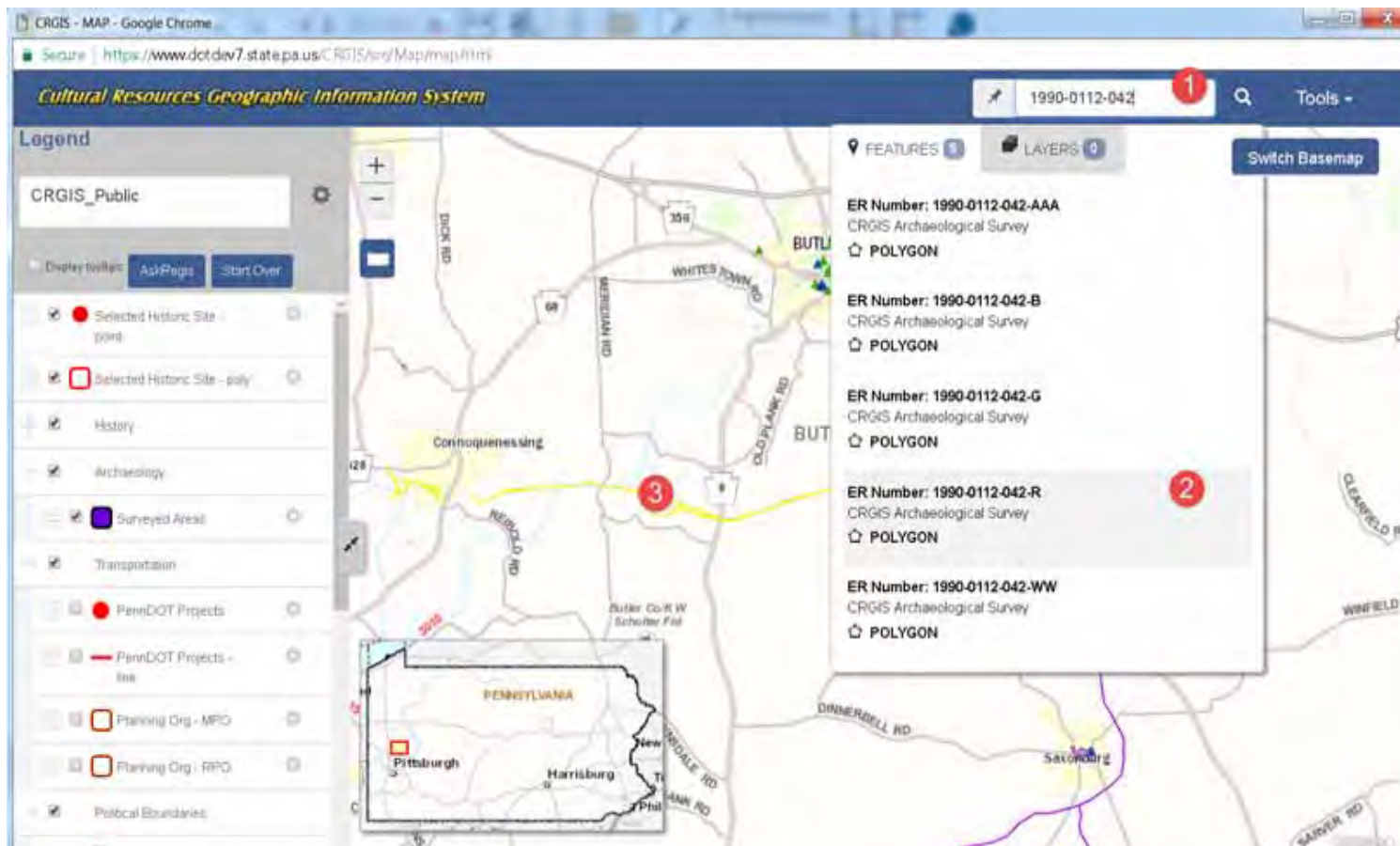
Basemaps



1. Click Basemap icon to see selections. Option 1 is the Default PennDOT basemap
2. Option 2 is the Topo basemap
3. Option 3 is Imagery with labels. Other basemaps exist also...

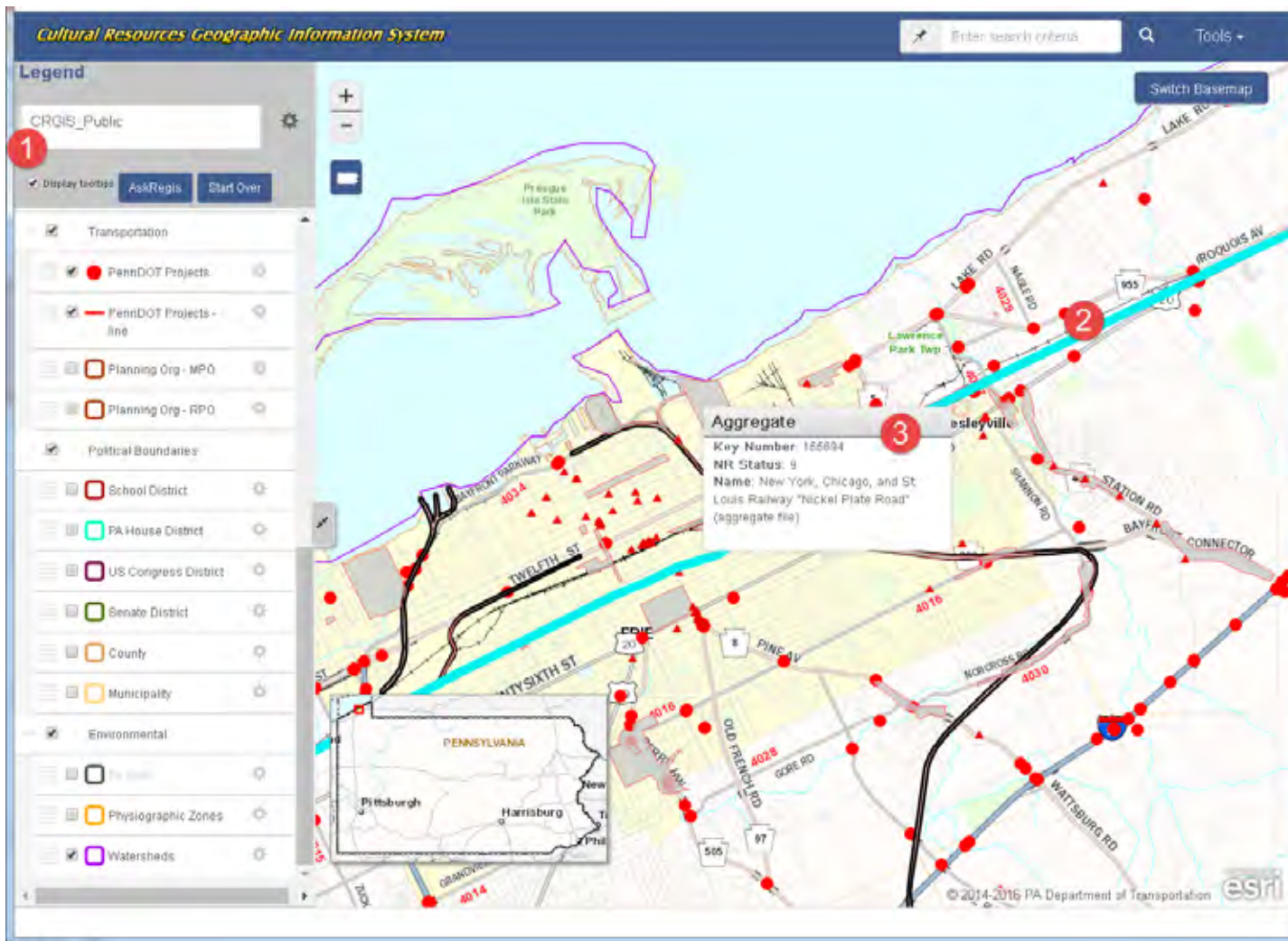


MapCore Search



1. MapCore Search-example Archaeological Survey by ER Number
2. Results suggestions displayed. Select the result of interest.
3. Once selected, "Add to Map" is activated and allows user to zoom to the selected polygon

Hover/Tooltips



1. Make sure the layer is turned on in the Table of Contents/Legend
2. Move the mouse over a feature of interest
3. Attributes display depending on the layer- notice the new NR Status attribute

Identify: Single Resource

The screenshot displays the Cultural Resources Geographic Information System (CRGIS) interface. A map shows a purple polygon representing a resource. A legend on the left lists layers like 'CRGIS_Public'. A 'Layer Information' box on the right shows details for 'External Layer: HRF Point' with 'Key Number: 007357' and 'NR Status: B'. A 'CRGIS Report' window is open, displaying 'Historic Resource Information' for Key # P007357 and Survey Code 001-ST-198. The report includes sections for Identification, Location, Status, Historic Information, and Physical Description, all showing 'No Data Present'. A 'View Report' button is at the bottom right. Red circles 1, 2, and 3 highlight the 'View Report' button, the report window, and the 'Attachments' section, respectively.

CRGIS Report - Google Chrome

1 pddvgis01/CRGIS/Application/ASPNET/Report/Report.aspx?R=1088/T=KEYNOB1=007357

Historic Resource Information

Identification Key #: P007357 Survey Code: 001-ST-198	Historic Function No Data Present
Location Adams County: Straban Township Adams County: Straban Township	Current Function No Data Present
Status NR Status: Insufficient Information to Evaluate Owner: Unknown Condition: Unreported	Inventory Items No Data Present
Historic Information Year Built: 1866, 1899	Ancillary Features No Data Present
Physical Description No Data Present	Associated Resources No Data Present
	Administrative Actions No Data Present
	National Register Information No Data Present
	Attachments No Data Present
	Comments No Data Present
	Outbuildings No Data Present
	Observations No Data Present

Layer Information:

External Layer: HRF Point
Type: Point | Result: 1 of 1

Key Number: 007357
NR Status: B

View Report

1. Clicking in a feature on the map displays the Layer Information box with View Report button activated
2. Clicking View Report Opens the familiar Report Window
3. Attachments available in report window

Identify: “Stacked” Resources

The screenshot displays a web application interface with two main panels. The left panel, titled 'Archaeological and Historical Survey Report Info', contains a form with the following details:

- Report Number:** 1999-2468-001-F
- Title:** Phase I Archaeological Investigation, Proposed Gettysburg Commons Development, Staban Township, Adams County
- Author:** J. Kodlick
- Organization:** BL Companies
- Date:** 6/1/2007
- Agency:** COE
- Agency Type:** Federal Agency
- No. of Pages:** 45

Below the form are several expandable sections:

- Location:** County: Adams, Municipality: Straban Township
- Report Types:** A table with columns: Report Type, Area Surveyed (hectares), No. of Properties/Sites, Method(s). The table shows one entry: Phase I, 10, 0, Shovel Testing.
- Repository:** No Data Present
- Hydrology:** A table with columns: Sub-Basin, Watershed, Major Stream, Minor Stream. The table shows one entry: (13) Potomac River, Watershed D, Marsh Creek, Rock Creek.
- Resources Reported:** No Data Present
- Physiographic Zone:** Gettysburg-Newark Lowland Section(37)
- Attachments:** A table with columns: Type, Name. The table shows one entry: Unknown, 19992468001F.PDF.

The right panel shows a map with a blue polygon highlighting a surveyed area. A 'Layer Information' window is open over the map, showing details for the 'Surveyed Area' layer:

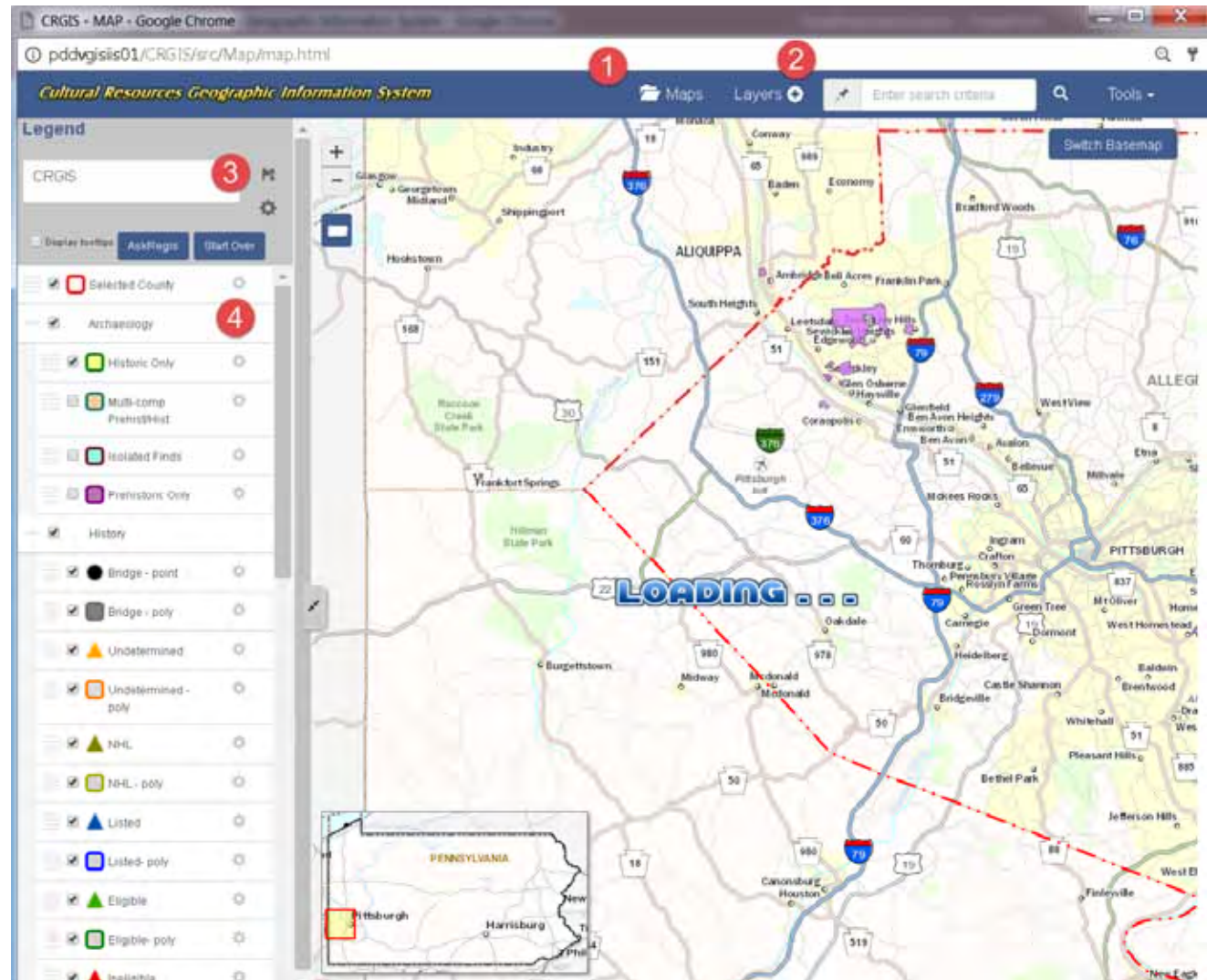
- External Layer:** Surveyed Area
- Type:** Polygon | Result: 2 of 3
- ER Number:** 1999-2468-001-F
- Geometry:** Polygon
- ObjectID:** 634
- GEOMETRY.AREA:** 0
- GEOMETRY.LEN:** 0

A 'View Report' button is visible at the bottom of the map window.

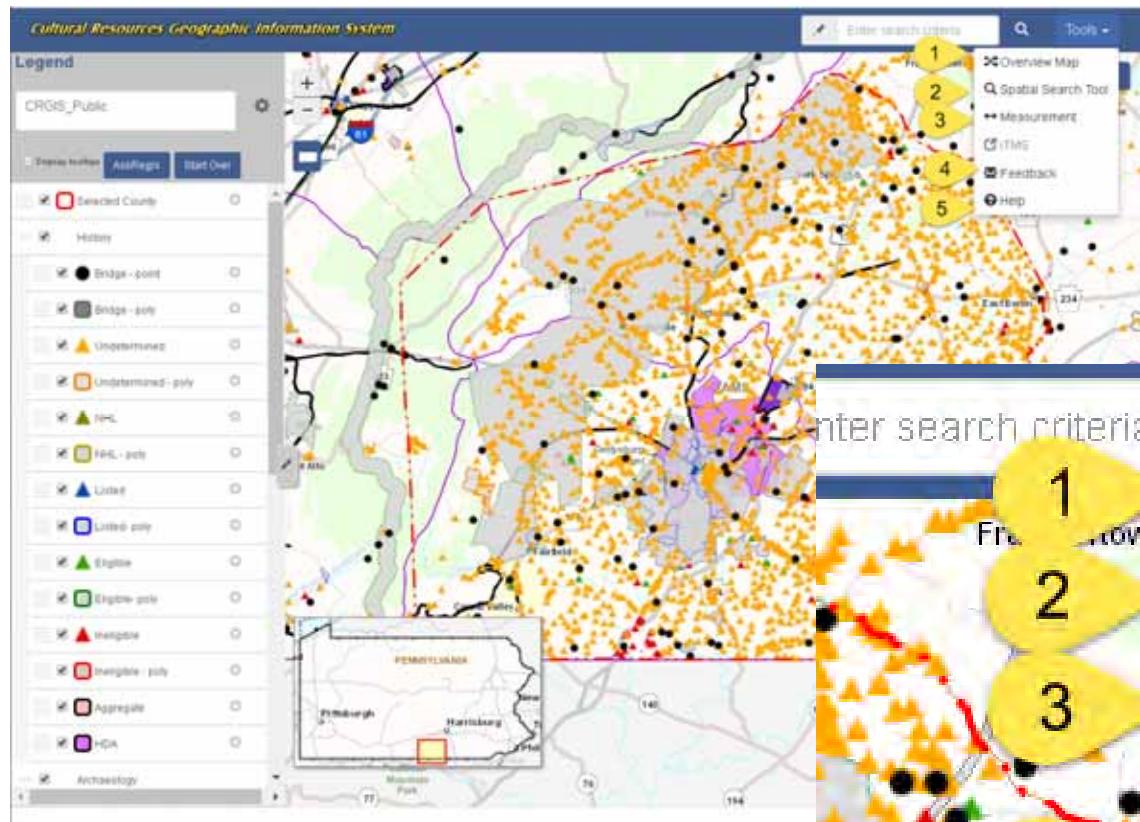
1. Paging through the stacked feature allows user to select feature of interest – Notice blue on Map
2. Clicking View Report
3. Opens a new Report Window
4. Attachments available

Maps and Layers

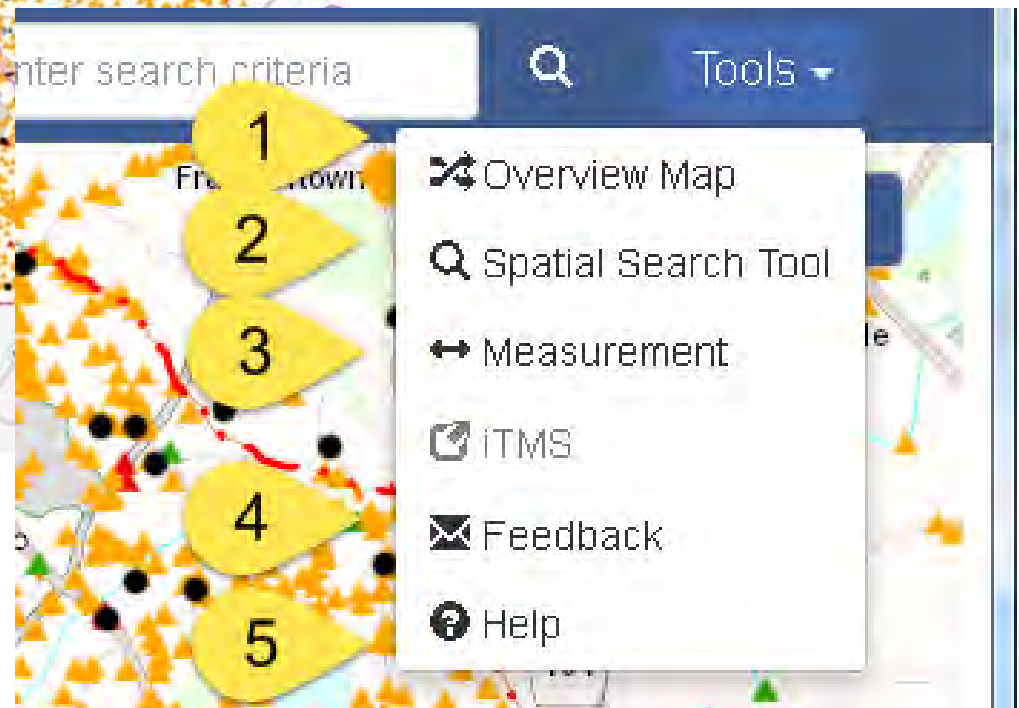
1. Maps – user can view map or open existing map
2. Layers – user can add layers to map
3. Save Map- user can save existing map
4. More Layers are displayed depending on user . E.g Archaeology and predictive layers



Tools/Links

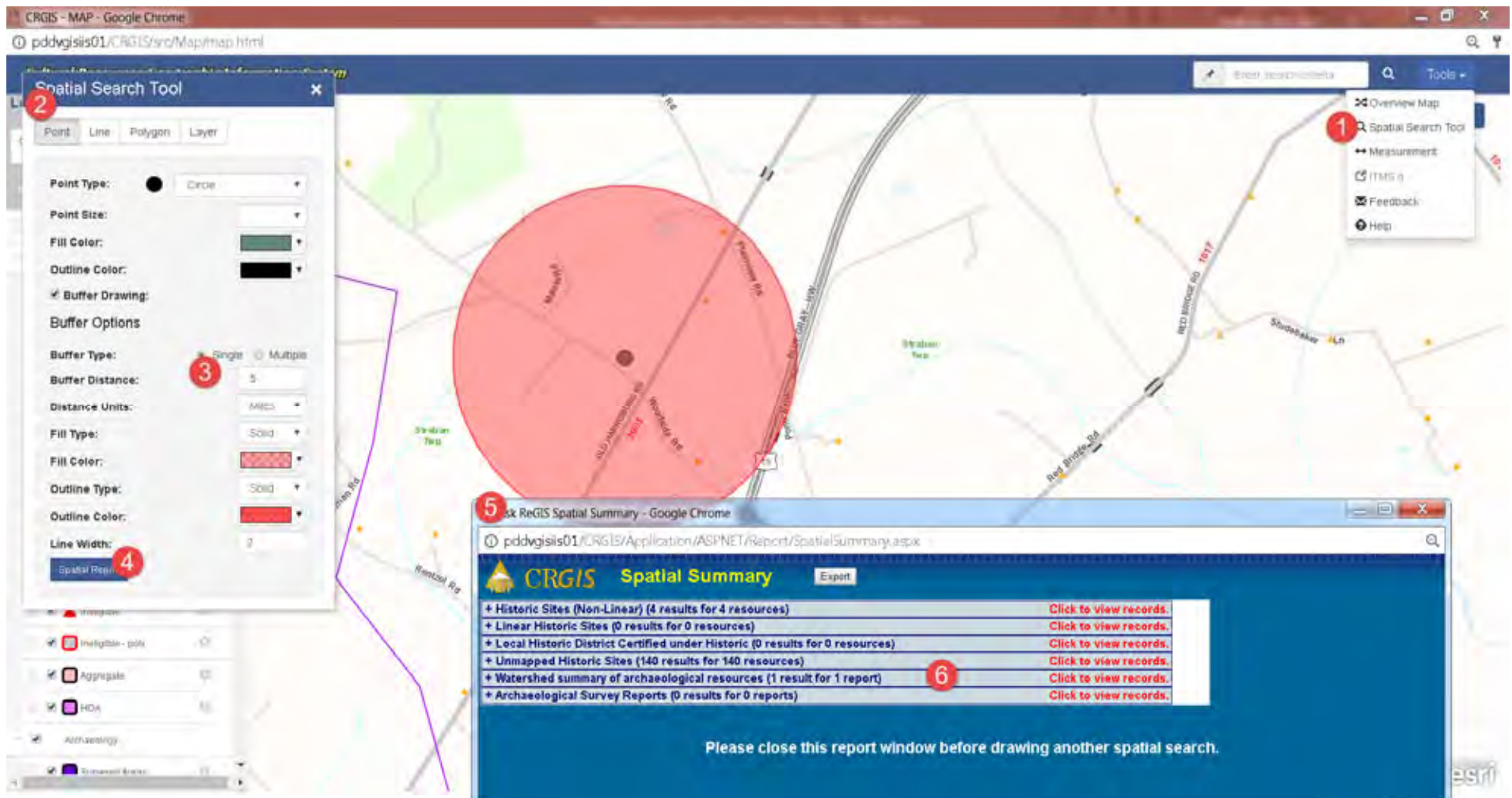


1. Toggle Overview map on/off
2. Spatial Search Tool
3. Measure
4. Feedback
5. Help



Spatial Search

1. Spatial Search from **Tools Menu**
2. Select Type of geometry input
3. Optionally Select Buffer (This is collapsed by default)
4. Click Spatial Search Button
5. Report Window opens & area mapped
6. "Watershed Summary" report renamed



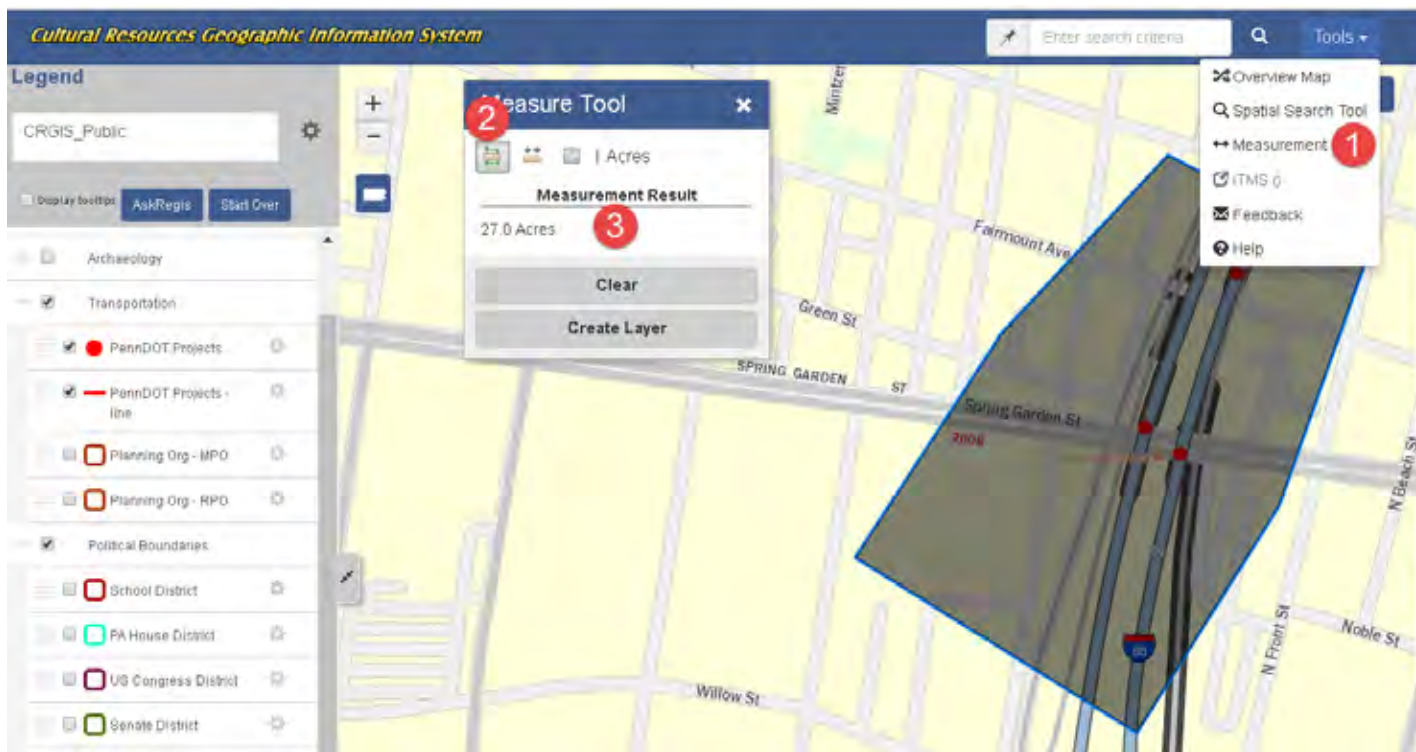
Spatial Search - Layer

The screenshot shows the Spatial Search Tool interface. The 'Tools' menu is open, showing options like Overview Map, Spatial Search Tool, Measurement, ITMS 0, Feedback, and Help. The 'Spatial Search Tool' panel is active, showing the 'Layer' tab selected. The 'Select Layer:' dropdown is set to 'PA Senate District'. The 'Dist #' field contains '01'. The 'Select' button is highlighted. The 'Spatial Report' button is also visible. The map shows a geographic area with red dots representing search results. A 'CRGIS Spatial Summary' window is open, displaying a table of search results for various categories like Historic Sites, Linear Historic Sites, Local Historic District, Unmapped Historic Sites, Watershed summary, and Archaeological Survey Reports. The 'Export' button is visible in the top right of the summary window. A message at the bottom of the summary window states: 'Please close this report window before drawing another spatial search.'

Category	Results	Resources	Action
Historic Sites (Non-Linear)	4793	2753	Click to view records.
Linear Historic Sites	1002	19	Click to view records.
Local Historic District Certified under Historic	0	0	Click to view records.
Unmapped Historic Sites	1542	1106	Click to view records.
Watershed summary of archaeological resources	3	3	Click to view records.
Archaeological Survey Reports	54	46	Click to view records.

1. Spatial Search from **Tools Menu**
2. Click "Layer" tab
3. Select Layer from pull-down
4. Enter District Number
5. Select button zooms to selected object
6. Spatial Search button opens a new window
7. New window has Spatial Search information
8. Export button works the same as before.

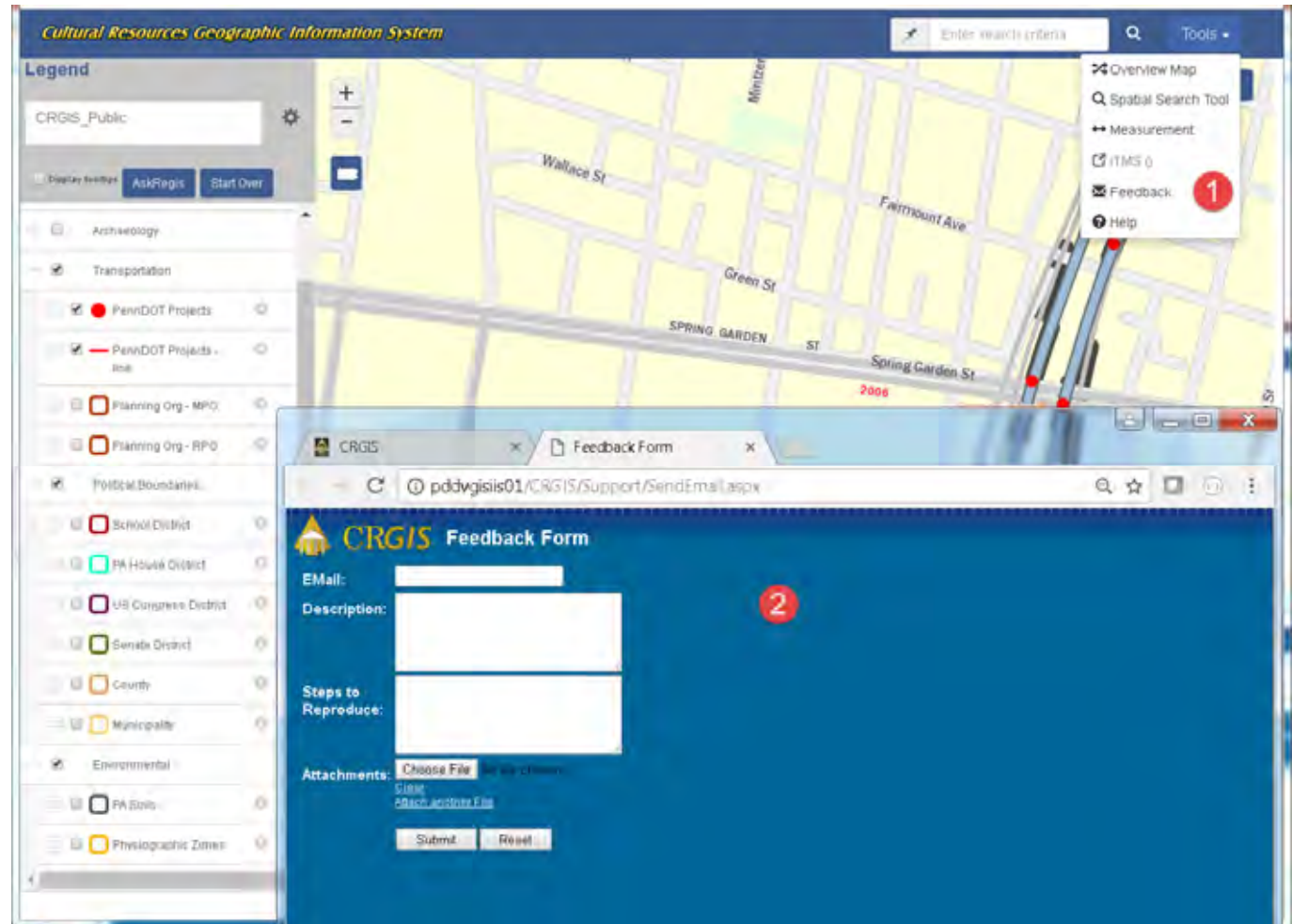
Measurement



1. Measure Tool from **Tools Menu**
2. Select Point (Lat/Long) or Line (Length) Or Area and draw respective shapes on the map
3. Dimensions are displayed

Feedback Link Still Functions

1. Feedback Tool from **Tools Menu**
2. Opens new Feedback window



PennDOT Projects

1. Identify one of the projects on the map
2. Click View Report
3. New Report window opens
4. Click "Click to View" on the report window
5. Opens Videolog link with the same segment selected.

Cultural Resources Geographic Information System

Legend

CRGIS_Public

Display toolbar

History

Archaeology

Surveyed Areas

Transportation

PennDOT Projects

PennDOT Projects - Incomplete

Layer Information:

External Layer: PennDOT Projects Line

Type: Line | Result: 1 of 1

Offset Begin: 0

Offset End: 3284

Project ID: 102304

Project Manager: DELETE

Project Title: I-95 Corridor Transp. Man

Segment Begin: 0214

Segment End: 0224

Route: 0095

ObjectID: 6641001

View Report

CRGIS Report - Google Chrome

pdovgis01/CRGIS/Application/ASPNET/Reports/Report.aspx?r=110&T=FROM_ID&I=102304

PennDOT Projects

Project Information

Project ID: 102304

Project Title: I-95 Corridor Transp. Man

Project Status: Incomplete

Project Class: Highway Reconstruction

IVidLog Link: [Click to View](#)

Videolog

Basic Info

Reports

Export

Basic Info

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Remote Data Entry Beta Testing Coming in August:

- Must be registered user
- Above Ground – large projects
- Report Summary Forms
- Archaeological Sites



Survey Detail

[Main](#) [Location](#) [Administration](#) [Links](#) [WorkFlow Communication](#)

Report Number: 2015-0032-063-A * Record Id: RPT_10930 Status: Approved

Report Title *

Negative Survey Form, McIntyre Compressor Station and Interconnect, South Buffalo Township, Armstrong County

Author/Organization/Agency

Author: S. Pullins * Organization: CRA
Final Report Date: 09/18/2014 * No. of Pages: 12 *
Reason for Survey: State or Federal Compliance Project *
Agency Type: Federal Agency Agency: COE

Repository

Item	Repository	
Report (Digital)	PHMC-Historic Preservation Office	Edit Delete
Report (Hardcopy)	PHMC-Historic Preservation Office	Edit Delete

Add New - 1

Report *

Report Type	No. Properties	Area Surveyed	How area determined	
Negative Survey Form	0	0.28	Quad Sheet	Edit Delete

Add New - 1

[Publish](#)

[Delete Record](#)



Training, Tutorials, and Guidance
will be available for both the
maps and the data entry as they
come online.

Watch our Blog and Newsletter
for details.



Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office
PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL AND MUSEUM COMMISSION

